



ROCKJUMPER

Worldwide Birding Adventures

Northern Argentina

September 27th to October 17th, 2016 (21 days)

Trip Report



Torrent Duck by Adam Riley

Trip report compiled by tour leader: Pablo Petracci



Day 1: September 27th, 2016 – We left San Miguel de Tucumán this morning and headed towards the north-west part of the province, gaining altitude as we approached our next destination, Tafí del Valle. The road to Tafí is really interesting since it crosses three completely different habitats: wet grasslands, Yungas cloud forest, and finally, just before arriving in town, is a dry pre-Puna steppe. We made some stops along the Yungas road, looking for our first local bird specialities. Our first stop was on the bridge over Río Los Sosa, to look for one of Argentina's endemics: Yellow-striped Brush Finch, which responded to playback right away, offering great views for everyone to enjoy and even take some pictures. We then continued further along the river and stopped at a lookout where we found our first Torrent Duck (with two chicks). We were hoping for Rufous-throated Dipper, but we had no luck this morning. Regardless, a walk through the Alder forest and along the river shore produced some interesting sightings, including Red-tailed Comet, Mitred Parakeet, White-throated Tyrannulet, Azara's Spinetail, Cream-winged Cinclodes, Black Phoebe, Mountain Wren, Rusty-browed Warbling Finch and Brown-capped Whitestart. We had box lunches in a camping area and took a short break before setting off for some birding in the surroundings. We didn't want to give up on seeing the Dipper so easily, so the first thing we did was return to the Los Sosa area - which is normally a very good spot for this bird – and began our search. We also took some time to go birding in the surroundings of La Angostura Dam, where we found Andean Goose and Andean Gull, among others. We finally arrived at Tafí by noon and checked into our hotel for the following two nights.



Yellow-striped Brush Finch
by Clayton Burne



Red-tailed Comet by David Shackelford

Day 2: September 28th, 2016 – Today we hoped for some endemics which are normally found on the way to El Infiernillo, on the Andean side of Tafí, so we left very early to look for the first of them: White-browed Tapaculo. This bird is common around town, but it's not so easy to see since it's normally quite secretive, so our best chances were right after sunrise. A short drive from the hotel took us to a spot where it can usually be found. We tried several times, but had no luck. A few kilometres further on, we finally found it. *What a treat!*

With our first one in the bag, we continued north and uphill to look for the other endemics. On our way to the highest part of the road, we were lucky to find some wonderful birds, including Huayco Tinamou, Andean Lapwing, Burrowing Owl, Andean Flicker, Black-winged Ground Dove, Andean Swift, Peregrine Falcon, Cinereous Harrier, Grey-hooded Parakeet, Plain-mantled Tit-Spinetail, Grass Wren, White-browed Chat-Tyrant, Black Siskin, Scribble-tailed Canastero and Ornate Tinamou, among others. It was also in this area that we spotted our first Andean Condor of the trip. One of the target birds of the day was Tucuman Mountain Finch, another endemic, and we managed to find it just a few kilometres from Tafí, next to a Greenish Yellow Finch



and Plain-colored Seed eater. A fortunate morning for us, with all possible endemics for the area seen before lunchtime! Right before El Infiernillo, there's a bend in the road, where Moreno's Ground Dove is normally found, so we made a stop there to try for this other endemic. As soon as we stepped off the van, we got Buff-breasted Earthcreeper, Puna Canastero and Paramo Pipit. We turned around and went back to Tafi, birding en route. We searched the tussock grasslands, looking for other Andean specialities but, unfortunately, it was quite windy and cold, so birds were not very responsive to tapes. Our birding this morning was very rewarding, and trip list additions included Rufous-naped and Cinereous Ground Tyrant and Grey-bellied Shrike Tyrants. We returned to the Yungas area in the afternoon for more forest birding and managed to find the Dipper again.

Day 3: September 29th, 2016 – We left Tafi early this morning, and took the road to El Infiernillo once again. Yesterday, we heard Slender-billed Miner calling at the Puna Canastero spot, but we couldn't see it, so we wanted to try for this bird again. Unfortunately, we couldn't find it. We finally reached El Infiernillo pass at 3,042 metres above sea level and found a flock of Greenish Yellow Finch; while also acquiring very nice views of Ash-breasted Sierra-Finch and Mourning Sierra-Finch. After crossing the pass, the road starts going down towards Amaicha del Valle and into another habitat: the Highland Monte, where we looked for different bird species, including a few endemics. On the way, we saw Giant Hummingbird, White-collared and Andean Swift, White-fronted Woodpecker, Rufous-banded Miner, Tufted Tit-Spinetail, Burrowing Parrots, Patagonian Mockingbird, Ringed Warbling Finch and Pampa Finch. We looked for Sandy Gallito and White-throated Cacholote - two of our endemic targets for this area - in the Monte vegetation around Amaicha del Valle. We had a picnic lunch on our way to the Ruins of Quilmes, where we expected to find both. As we moved into the road, we found both species from the vehicle, with views that were easily acquirable; and we didn't even need to use the playback! In this same area, we also found Yellow-billed Tit-Tyrant, White-crested Tyrannulet, Patagonian Mockingbird, Ringed Warbling Finch, Stripe-crowned Spinetail and Burrowing Parrot. We finally arrived at our lodge in the late afternoon, and set off for a walk in the surroundings. Walking through



Rufous-throated Dipper by Jonathan Rossouw



Tucuman Mountain Finch by Jonathan Rossouw

Monte Vegetation, we got very close views of Blue-and-yellow Tanager, White-banded Mockingbird, Spectacled Tyrant and White-tipped Plantcutter.

Day 4: September 30th, 2016 – After an early breakfast, we set off to look for more Monte specialities near Talapazo. We got great views of Cinnamon Warbling Finch. Besides many of the birds seen yesterday, we also got Harris's Hawk, Aplomado Falcon, Whistling Heron, Ultramarine Grosbeak, Red Tanager, Black-capped Warbling Finch, Yellow Browed Tyrant, Common Diuca Finch, White-winged Black Tyrant, Greater



Wagtail-Tyrant, Straneck's Tyrannulet and Chaco Earthcreeper, all new for the trip. We left the area of Amaicha in the mid-morning, and started our way towards Cabra Corral, crossing some of Argentina's most spectacular landscapes at Quebrada de las Conchas. We the time to stop very often for birding and taking pictures of the multi-coloured rock formations along the river canyon. We arrived at our Hotel on the shores of Cabra Corral Lake in the late afternoon and checked in for the following two nights.

Day 5: October 1st, 2016 – We started our long birding day along the winding Cachi Road after having an early breakfast at the hotel. Our drive would take us from Cabra Corral to Payogasta and back, crossing different habitats, from Yungas to Puna. Our first stop at the Yungas area early this morning produced some nice birds, like Scaly-headed Parrot, Tucuman Amazon, Swallow-tailed Kite, Grey-necked Wood Rail, Whistling Heron, White-bellied Hummingbird, Toco Toucan, Dusky-capped Flycatcher, Tawny-headed Swallow, Stripe-capped Sparrow, Golden-winged Cacique and Chaco Chachalaca. Before entering the Cardon Cacti Fields, in the drier areas above the Yungas, we made a stop to look for new birds and found some very interesting ones, including Brown-capped Tit-Spinetail, Band-tailed Sierra Finch, Sooty-fronted Spinetail, amongst others. Once in higher elevations, we could see some of the specialties of the area, like Grey-hooded Parakeet, Rock Earthcreeper, Rusty-vented Canastero, Streak-fronted Thornbird, Cinnamon-bellied Ground Tyrant, Zimmer's Tapaculo and White-browed Chat-Tyrant. We, unfortunately, did not manage to acquire views of the Maquis Canastero, despite our persistent playback attempts. A final stop at the lower part of the Cachi Road allowed us to see more Andean Condors.



White-throated Cacholote
by Clayton Burne

Day 6: October 2nd, 2016 – We left Cabra Corral, right after breakfast, for our next destination: Libertador General San Martín, in the Province of Jujuy. Shortly after leaving Cabra Corral, we took a dirt road through Montane Chaco habitat with some transitional forest and agricultural land, which after a few kilometres, connects to the main highway.



Sandy Gallito by Clayton Burne

Our first sightings included Andean Condor and Black and Chestnut Eagle flying high above the canyon. Chaco Chachalaca and Dusky-legged Guan were common alongside the road. We saw Glittering-bellied Emerald and White-bellied Hummingbird very often. There were also Green Kingfisher, Muscovy Duck, Black-legged Seriema (first sight of the trip), Ferruginous Pygmy Owl, Andean Swift, Checkered Woodpecker, White-barred Piculet, Blue-crowned and White-eyed Parakeets, Pearly-Vented Tody-Tyrant (carrying nesting material), Vermilion Flycatcher, Cinereous Tyrant, Brown-crested Flycatcher, Green-backed Becard, Narrow-billed Woodcreeper and many Red Pileated Finch. We arrived in Libertador General San Martín in the



evening and checked into our hotel for the following two nights.

Day 7: October 3rd, 2016 – We spent the day birding Calilegua National Park, one of the main Yungas relicts within Argentina. Considering that we spent time birding the lowlands at the entrance of the park, we went straight to the lower Yungas, stopping often along the way, and searching some of the trails inside the national park for new bird species. Bird activity in the early morning was low, but we managed to get some wonderful species, like Crane Hawk, Fork-tailed Woodnymph, Golden-olive Woodpecker, Cream-backed Woodpecker (nice views of a male and female at the nest), Golden-collared Macaw, Green-cheeked Parakeet, Olivaceous Woodcreeper, Streaked Xenops, Buff-browed Foliage-gleaner, Giant Antshrike, Small-billed Elaenia, Slaty Elaenia, Sclater's Tyrannulet, Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher, Crowned Slaty Flycatcher, Swainson's Flycatcher, Glossy-black Thrush, Pale-legged Warbler, Two-banded Warbler, Black-backed Grosbeak, Fawn-breasted Tanager, Rust and Yellow Tanager, Chestnut-vented Conebill, Crested Oropendola and Fulvous-headed Brushfinch. We got half way up the road and stopped for a picnic lunch at Mesada de las Colmenas, where we enjoyed watching the landscape and the numerous White-bellied Hummingbirds chasing each other. We put in a special effort on our way back to try and find two important target species, the Blue-capped Puffleg and Blue-crowned Trogon, two birds that everyone wanted to see. Finally, we found it at the edge of the park, near the monolith area, on the road to the town of San Francisco.



Chaco Chachalaca by Clayton Burne



Burrowing Parrot by Jonathan Rossouw.

Day 8: October 4th, 2016 – We left Libertador General San Martín this morning, and departed for Humahuaca and the high Andes. Our first stop was at the small village of Yala, where we got our first good views of Buff-winged Cinclodes, Rufous-fronted Thornbird, Brown-capped Whitestart and Rusty-browed Warbling Finch and very close views of Rufous-throated Dipper. We then continued northwards and had lunch at Purmamarca, where we also made a stop at a lookout to photograph the famous Cerro del los Siete Colores (seven-colour hill), where we also managed to spot some new birds, like

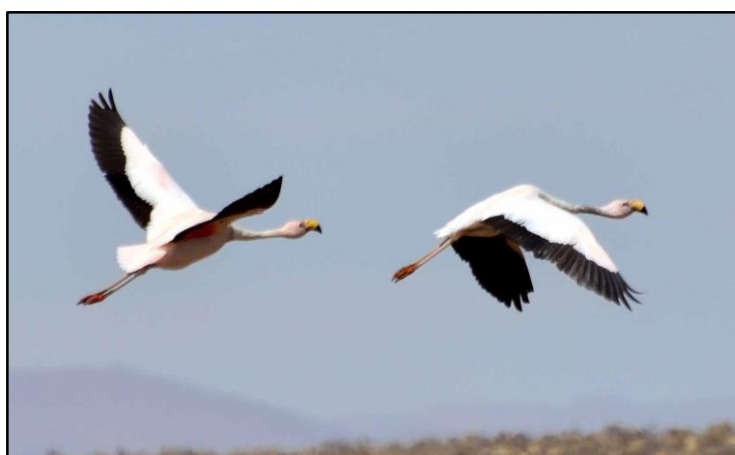
Brown-backed Mockingbird and Black-hooded Sierra Finch. Before arriving at our hotel in Humahuaca, we stopped at the riverbanks of Rio de la Quebrada de Purmamarca. Here, we saw the first records of Spot-billed Ground Tyrant, Barn Swallow, Ash-breasted Sierra Finch, Crested Duck, Red Shoveler, Yellow-billed Pintail, Puna Teal, Least Grebe, Puna Ibis, Black-crowned Night Heron, Short-tailed Hawk, Andean Coot and Wilson's Phalarope.



Day 9: October 5th, 2016 – Today we set off for the high Andes, specifically, for La Quiaca, in the north-westernmost corner of Argentina, right on the Bolivian border, to spend the following two nights there. On our way to La Quiaca, we explored several birding spots, looking for Andean specialities. On the outskirts of Abra Pampa, we found our first Lesser Rhea and Mountain Caracara, Andean Avocet, Andean Negrito and Baird's Sandpiper. Vicuña became a common sighting as we reached higher altitudes, and we saw many of these South American camels throughout the day. We also saw Mountain Parakeet, Puna Miner, Andean Flicker, Andean Swallow, Andean Lapwing, Cinereous Ground Tyrant, Brown-backed Mockingbird and Bright-rumped Yellow Finch. The dirt road between Abra Pampa and Laguna de Pozuelos was in poor condition, so our drive was relatively slow, but this gave us chances to make some stops along the way and look for more birds. We finally arrived at the gate of Laguna de Pozuelos National Natural Monument at noon. From the gate, we continued driving on a rough dirt road for 7 kilometres, finally reaching the parking area that is not far from the lakeshore. Due to the El Niño, we found only 5 hectares of water in the Laguna. After having our picnic lunch, we walked some 1,000 metres to the edge of the water, where we set up our scopes and started scanning for specialities. We got several species for our trip list, some of them new to the group, including Puna Teal, Chilean, Andean and James's Flamingo, Puna Ibis, nesting Andean Coots, Puna Plover, Baird's Sandpiper, Stilt Sandpiper, Wilson's Phalarope, Puna Miner and Andean Negrito. We missed two high Andean specialities here: Giant and Horned Coot, so we decided to continue our journey to La Quiaca along an alternative road to try for these two birds at some remote lagoons in the area of Huancar. We finally arrived at La Quiaca late in the evening and checked into our hotel for the following two nights.



Moreno's Ground Dove by Jonathan Rossouw



James's Flamingoes by Clayton Burne

Day 10: October 6th, 2016 – After having breakfast at the hotel in La Quiaca, we headed for Yavi, a small village west of La Quiaca, and gateway to the highest mountains in this part of the country. We were hoping for some fine specialities, and got our first at the bridge over the Yavi River: Citron-headed Yellow Finch. We also managed to see Moreno's Ground Dove, this being one of the best places in Argentina to see this bird. From Yavi, we took the road to Santa Victoria, climbing high into the Andes. At 4,400 metres above sea level, we got one of the main targets of the day: Red-backed

Sierra Finch. After lunch in Abra de Lizoite, at 4,552 metres above sea level, we continued along the road. On one of our stops along the way, we found Grey-breasted Seedsnipe, Mountain Parakeet, Puna Miner, Common Diuca Finch, Straight-billed Earthcreeper, Scale-throated Earthcreeper, Plain-



breasted (Jelski's) Earthcreeper, D'Orbigny's Chat Tyrant, Grey-bellied Ground Tyrant and Spot-billed Ground Tyrant. On the way back, we got two close sightings of Andean Condor, with one flock totalling roughly 4 individuals soaring very low, and offering great photo opportunities.

Day 11: October 7th, 2016 – We left La Quiaca this morning after breakfast and hit the road for a long drive to Joaquín V. González, a town sitting in the heart of the dry Chaco, in the Province of Salta, where we would spend the following two nights. As we approached the Abra Pampa area, we decided to make a stop at Laguna Runtuyoc and try for our last high Andean specialties of the trip, the Giant and Horned Coot. A short walk took us to the edge of the lagoon, and after scanning with our telescopes for a while, we did not manage to find them. We did, however, find a nice flock of Chilean and Andean Flamingos and hundreds Wilson's Phalaropes. Other birds included Andean Coot, Andean Goose, Puna Ibis, Cinnamon Teal and Puna Miner. A short stop in the little lagoon of Huancar, near Abra Pampa, produced yet another speciality: Giant Coot. As we approached Joaquín V. González in the late afternoon, we made a final birding stop on a bridge across a river, where we got Sooty Tyrannulet and Turquoise-fronted Amazon. Already in the Chaco woodland, it did not take us long to find the first Greater Rheas of the trip.



Andean Condor by Murray Cooper

Day 12: October 8th, 2016 – We spent all day birding the farmland and Chaco woodland around Joaquín V. González. We had plenty of time to walk around and look for birds, so we explored the thorny Chaco forest and found some interesting species, including Great Antshrike, Vermilion Flycatcher, Straneck's Tyrannulet, Tropical Kingbird, Greyish Saltator, Cinereus Tyrant, Crowned Slaty Flycatcher and four Woodpeckers: White-fronted, Checkered, White and Green-barred. We got close views of Aplomado Falcon, posing nicely for the photographers of the group. We also had great views of Great Black Hawk, White Rumped Hawk, Blue-tufted Starthroat, Chaco Puffbird, Monk Parakeet, Lark-like Brushrunner, Crested Hornero, Brown Cacholote, Southern Beardless Tyrannulet, Tawny-crowned Pygmy Tyrant, Red Crested Cardinal and Many-colored Chaco Finch.



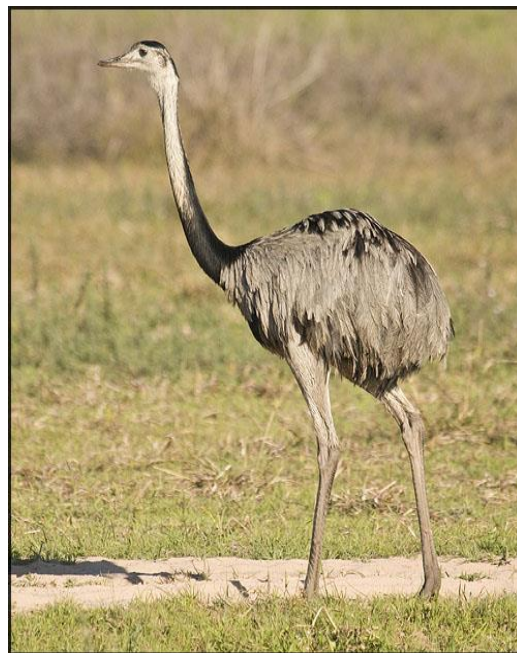
Andean Flicker by Luis Segura

Day 13: October 9th, 2016 – We left the hotel this morning and headed north-west, towards San Lorenzo, a small village situated in the mountains surrounding the large capital of the Salta Province, where we planned to spend the next morning in the Yungas forest. But first, after breakfast, we made some stops along the road to find some of the Chaco specialties that we still needed. New species for the trip included Turquoise-fronted Amazon, Southern Screamer, Comb Duck, Brazilian Teal, Ringed Teal, Maguari Stork, Bicolored Hawk, Wattled Jacana and Brown-chested Martin. From the balconies of the hotel, we saw some of the more common species of the area, like



Green-cheeked Parakeet, Sayaca Tanager and Rusty Flowerpiercer. After dinner, we visited a local reserve to do some spotlighting. In less than an hour, we found Tropical and Yungas Screech Owl, along with lovely views of a male Scissor-tailed Nightjar.

Day 14: October 10th, 2016 – We started very early this morning, visiting a private reserve in town, called Huaico. As soon as we started walking along the trail, we saw several montane forest specialities, including Tataupá Tinamou, Slender-tailed Woodstar, Ocellated Piculet, Dot-fronted Woodpecker, Rufous-capped Antshrike, Greenish Elaenia, Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet, Tropical Pewee, Andean Slaty Thrush and White-browed Brushfinch. Only a few people of the group managed to see the Slender-tailed Woodstar, so we went to check the gardens of San Lorenzo village, where they are usually quite easy to see. After a couple of hours of walking, we saw a female feeding on the flowers of the Cockspur Coral Tree, the national flower of Argentina. In the afternoon, we flew to Puerto Iguazú, in the province of Misiones, north-eastern Argentina. Our hotel in Puerto Iguazú was located in a forest area, and has been built to take the natural habitat into consideration, so every room is surrounded by good Paraná or Atlantic Forest habitat, thus offering great birding opportunities.



Greater Rhea by Dušan Brinkhuizen

Day 15: October 11th, 2016 – It rained heavily all night long; and early this morning, we met our local guide, Miguel, who took us to bird the Atlantic forest. We spent the day birding Iguazú National Park, starting in the early morning on Route 101, where we explored an area that is usually closed to the general public: Seccional Bernabé Méndez. This is quite a dense forest, with the sole exception of a marshy patch on Road 101 itself. Besides the regular forest dwellers, we got other interesting



Plush-crested Jay by Dušan Brinkhuizen

species, including the likes of Rusty-margined Guan, Anhinga, Snail Kite, Pale-vented Pigeon, Ruddy Ground Dove, Greater Ani, Common Potoo, Pauraque, Great Dusky Swift, Amazon Kingfisher, Blond-crested Woodpecker, Ochre-breasted Foliage-gleaner, Rufous-winged Antwren, Southern Antpipit, Eared Pygmy Tyrant, Piratic, Streaked and Boat-billed Flycatchers, Southern Yellowthroat, Red-rumped Cacique, Giant Cowbird, Yellow-billed Cardinal, Magpie Tanager, Green-headed Tanager, Swallow Tanager, Blue Dacnis, Red-crowned Ant Tanager and Green-winged Saltator. The original plan was to get to Devil's Throat walking from Road 101, and then to take the narrow gauge train all the way to the park entrance, to have lunch at a restaurant before we continued birding the lower trails. Unfortunately, after a few hours, it started raining very hard again, so we decided to visit the famous Iguazú falls. While waiting for the rain to stop, we saw the elusive Blue-winged Parrotlet and White-winged Swallow. After lunch, we returned to Puerto Iguazú in the late afternoon,



where we visited the Hummingbirds Garden, a private house in town that has put up feeders for these fantastic birds for many years. We got seven species of hummingbirds at the feeders: Swallow-tailed Hummingbird, Black Jacobin, Black-throated Mango, Glittering-bellied Emerald, Violet-capped Woodnymph, Gilded Sapphire and Versicolored Emerald. Besides the hummingbirds, we also got the Bananaquit.

Day 16: October 12th, 2016 – The plan for today was to spend all day in Iguazú National Park, covering the upper and lower trails. The most remarkable natural wonder of Misiones Province is Iguazú National Park. The park also protects the vast majority of one of the most important forests south of the Amazon: the Interior Atlantic Forest. We started early in the morning, birding around the hotel area, but again the rain prevented from doing so for more than half an hour. Instead, we decided to bird near the National Park, at a place with good Paraná Forest habitat, which offered some great birding opportunities. Here we saw amazing species, including Solitary Tinamou, Black-throated Trogon, Rufous-capped Motmot, Chestnut-eared Aracari, Spot-billed Toucanet, Sick's Swift, Black-capped Foliage-gleaner, White-throated Woodcreeper, Spot-backed Antshrike, Plain Antvireo, Sibilant Syristes, Blue Manakin, Golden-crowned Warbler and Black-goggle Tanager. Two hours later, it started raining very heavily once again. We went to town in Puerto Iguazú for a cup of coffee and some local cheese bread and once the rain stopped, we made our way to the national park once again, where we spent the rest of the day.



Iguazu Falls by Trevor Ellery



Surucua Trogon by Clayton Burne

Day 17: October 13th, 2016 – We left the hotel this morning to spend the whole day birding the Urugua-í and La Araucaria Parks. In the morning, we thoroughly explored the northern trail. The walk is relatively easy, but the trail was flooded, so we took our time and made frequent birding stops. Also, due to the heavy rains, the Uruguaí River was flooded and it was impossible to find Black-fronted Piping Guan. Before enjoying a picnic lunch at the park campsite, we also explored the southern trail, where vegetation is not as dense as it is to the north, and there is a dense bamboo understory. The combination of both trails gave us the chance to enjoy watching some remarkable birds, amongst which it is worth mentioning Surucua Trogon, Maroon-bellied Parakeets, Scale-throated Hermit, Ochre-collared Piculet, Lineated Woodpecker, Plain Antvireo, Southern Antpipit, Southern Bristle Tyrant, Social Flycatcher, Canebrake Groundcreeper, Rufous Gnateater, Black-crowned Tityra, Red-eyed Vireo, White-rimmed Warbler, Riverbank Warbler, Chestnut-headed



Tanager, Spix's Spinetail and Blackish-blue Seedeater. The last part of the drive took us through the Central Hills of Misiones, all the way to the small village of San Pedro, where we were going to spend the night. This part of the province is very interesting, because it is here that the subtropical Paraná Rainforest still has good stocks of Brazilian Monkey Puzzle or Paraná Pine (*Araucaria angustifolia*), which is home to a number of forest bird species not commonly seen in other parts of Argentina. So, after lunch, we moved to La Araucaria Provincial Park, where we arrived in the afternoon, with enough light to find the main targets of the area: Vinaceous-breasted Amazon and Araucaria Tit-Spinetail.

Day 18: October 14th, 2016 – We made an early start this morning because we wanted to get to La Araucaria Provincial Park by sunrise, to try and get as many specialities as possible. Before breakfast, we went out around the hotel to do some birding. In a small pond, we saw a male Masked Duck - a lifer for most of the group; while also managing to get close views of White-spotted Woodpecker. The park was open by the time we got there, so we started birding near the park ranger house. Some members of the group didn't see the Canebrake Groundcreeper in Uruguá-i Provincial reserve, and this was a good place to find it. We also managed to see a new bird here:



Streamer-tailed Tyrant by Adam Riley

Sepia-capped Flycatcher. We left San Pedro by mid-morning and headed for our next destination, Ituzaingó, in the province of Corrientes. From San Pedro, we continued our journey south-west, towards the Province of Misiones, where we made our first stop at Candelaria, near the City of Posadas. Our first bird here was Streamer-tailed Tyrant, managing to get great views of a couple. Roadside birding en route was rewarding, as we crossed a good number of marshes, as well as grasslands and lagoons. We got other good birds, including Red-winged Tinamou, Spotted Nothura, Roseate Spoonbill, Giant Wood Rail, Campo Flicker, Yellow-headed Caracara, Fork-tailed Flycatcher, Yellow-chinned Spinetail, Yellowish Pipit, White-browed Blackbird, Screaming Cowbird, Yellow-rumped Marshbird and Rusty-collared Seedeater.



Scarlet-headed Blackbird by Clayton Burne

Day 19: October 15th, 2016 – We left the hotel very early, to get to our next destination, the Estancia San Juan Poriahú in the Iberá Marshes. Iberá Marshes (*Esteros del Iberá*, from Guaraní *y berá*: "bright water") are amongst the most extensive wetlands in Argentina, with some areas here virtually inaccessible due to a lack of good roads, thereby creating a naturally protected sanctuary for wildlife. On our way to the Estancia, we got our first Wood Stork, Bare-faced Ibis, Long-winged Harrier, Savanna Hawk and Scarlet-headed Blackbird. It was another rainy morning in north-eastern



Argentina but this, of course, wouldn't stop us from birding. The El Niño certainly made this part of the tour much less pleasant than it was supposed to be. When the rain had stopped, we spent the rest of the morning walking in the surrounding area with Marcos, the owner of Estancia, who also has a great knowledge of birding in the area. In the afternoon, after lunch, we explored for a further two hours. The combination of both activities gave us the opportunity to see Jabiru, Rufescent Tiger Heron, Stripe-backed Bittern, South American Snipe, Large-billed Tern, Little Nightjar, Greater Thornbird, Firewood-gatherer, Crested Doradito, Grey Monjita, Black-and-White Monjita, Streamer-tailed Tyrant, American Cliff Swallow, Black-capped Donacobius, Chalk-browed Mockingbird, Ochre-breasted Pipit, Chestnut-capped Blackbird, Brown-and-Yellow Marshbird, Yellow-winged Blackbird, Chopi Blackbird and Grassland Sparrow, Long-tailed Reed Finch and Lesser Grass Finch.



Southern Screamer by Markus Lilje

Day 20: October 16th, 2016 – We left the hotel very early once again. This morning, we drove a short distance to Cambyretá Norte, the last destination of the trip. The idea was to spend all day birding in the deep of the Iberá Marshes, looking for missing species, especially seedeaters. For this, we had to mobilise in two 4x4 vehicles. Throughout our journey, which took almost all morning, we saw Southern Screamer, Brazilian Teal, White-faced Ibis, Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture, Hudsonian Godwit, Greater Yellowlegs, Little Woodpecker, Sooty-fronted Spinetail, Large Elaenia, White-headed Marsh Tyrant, Dusky-capped and Swainson's Flycatchers, Barn Swallow, Masked Gnatcatcher, Southern Yellowthroat, Orange-headed Tanager, Double-collared Seed eater and Dark-throated Seed eater. After lunch, the temperature reached 40° Celsius, but we kept searching for the Strange-tailed Tyrant and other seedeaters. Unfortunately, we could not find the Strange-tailed Tyrant, but we did get a good number of interesting sightings for this part of the country.

Day 21: October 17th, 2016 – We drove to the capital of Misiones, Posadas City, early in the morning, to get to the local airport, where the tour came to an end.

Total Species recorded: 424 (7 Endemics)

Annotated List of species recorded

Nomenclature and taxonomy follows IOC (Version: 5.1): Gill, F. and Wright, M. Birds of the World: Recommended English Names. Princeton NJ: Princeton University Press.

List powered through the report generator of our partner [iGoTerra](#).

Status codes: E = Endemic, NE = Near-endemic, I = Introduced

IUCN codes: CR = Critically Endangered, EN = Endangered, VU = Vulnerable, EW = Extinct in the Wild, NT = Near Threatened, DD = Data Deficient



TINAMOUS - Tinamidae

Solitary Tinamou	<i>Tinamus solitarius</i>
Tataupa Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus tataupa</i>
Red-winged Tinamou	<i>Rhynchotus rufescens</i>
Huayco Tinamou	<i>Rhynchotus maculicollis</i>
Ornate Tinamou	<i>Nothoprocta ornata</i>
Brushland Tinamou	<i>Nothoprocta cinerascens</i>
Andean Tinamou	<i>Nothoprocta pentlandii</i>
Spotted Nothura	<i>Nothura maculosa</i>

RHEAS - Rheidae

Greater Rhea (NT)	<i>Rhea americana</i>
Lesser Rhea (NT)	<i>Rhea pennata</i>

SCREAMERS - Anhimidae

Southern Screamer	<i>Chauna torquata</i>
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DUCKS, GEESE & SWANS - Anatidae

White-faced Whistling Duck	<i>Dendrocygna viduata</i>
Torrent Duck	<i>Merganetta armata</i>
Comb Duck	<i>Sarkidiornis sylvicola</i>
Andean Goose	<i>Chloephaga melanoptera</i>
Muscovy Duck	<i>Cairina moschata</i>
Brazilian Teal	<i>Amazonetta brasiliensis</i>
Crested Duck	<i>Lophonetta specularioides</i>
Cinnamon Teal	<i>Anas cyanoptera</i>
Yellow-billed Teal	<i>Anas flavirostris</i>
Yellow-billed Pintail	<i>Anas georgica</i>
Puna Teal	<i>Anas puna</i>
Ringed Teal	<i>Calloneta leucophrys</i>
Red Shoveler	<i>Anas platalea</i>
Masked Duck	<i>Nomonyx dominicus</i>

CHACHALACAS, CURASSOWS & GUANS - Cracidae

Chaco Chachalaca	<i>Ortalis canicollis</i>
Rusty-margined Guan	<i>Penelope superciliaris</i>
Red-faced Guan	<i>Penelope dabbeni</i>
Dusky-legged Guan	<i>Penelope obscura</i>



GREBES - Podicipedidae

Pied-billed Grebe	<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>
Great Grebe	<i>Podiceps major</i>
Least Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus dominicus</i>

FLAMINGOS - Phoenicopteridae

Chilean Flamingo (NT)	<i>Phoenicopterus chilensis</i>
Andean Flamingo (VU)	<i>Phoenicoparrus andinus</i>
James's Flamingo (NT)	<i>Phoenicoparrus jamesi</i>

STORKS - Ciconiidae

Wood Stork	<i>Mycteria americana</i>
Maguari Stork	<i>Ciconia maguari</i>
Jabiru	<i>Jabiru mycteria</i>

IBISES, SPOONBILLS - Threskiornithidae

Buff-necked Ibis	<i>Theristicus caudatus</i>
Bare-faced Ibis	<i>Phimosus infuscatus</i>
White-faced Ibis	<i>Plegadis chihi</i>
Puna Ibis	<i>Plegadis ridgwayi</i>
Roseate Spoonbill	<i>Platalea ajaja</i>

HERONS, BITTERNs - Ardeidae

Rufescent Tiger Heron	<i>Tigrisoma lineatum</i>
Stripe-backed Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus involucris</i>
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>
Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>
Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>
Cocoi Heron	<i>Ardea cocoi</i>
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>
Whistling Heron	<i>Syrigma sibilatrix</i>
Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>

CORMORANTS, SHAGS - Phalacrocoracidae

Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>
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ANHINGAS, DARTERS - Anhingidae

Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>
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NEW WORLD VULTURES - Cathartidae

Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>
Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>
Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>
Andean Condor (NT)	<i>Vultur gryphus</i>

KITES, HAWKS & EAGLES - Accipitridae

White-tailed Kite	<i>Elanus leucurus</i>
Swallow-tailed Kite	<i>Elanoides forficatus</i>
Black and Chestnut Eagle (VU)	<i>Spizaetus isidori</i>
Long-winged Harrier	<i>Circus buffoni</i>
Cinereous Harrier	<i>Circus cinereus</i>
Plumbeous Kite	<i>Ictinia plumbea</i>
Snail Kite	<i>Rostrhamus sociabilis</i>
Savanna Hawk	<i>Buteogallus meridionalis</i>
Great Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus urubitinga</i>
Roadside Hawk	<i>Rupornis magnirostris</i>
Harris's Hawk	<i>Parabuteo unicinctus</i>
Bicolored Hawk	<i>Accipiter bicolor</i>
Crane Hawk	<i>Geranoospiza caerulescens</i>
White-rumped Hawk	<i>Parabuteo leucorrhous</i>
Variable Hawk	<i>Geranoaetus polyosoma</i>
Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle	<i>Geranoaetus melanoleucus</i>
Short-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo brachyurus</i>

SERIEMAS - Cariamidae

Black-legged Seriema	<i>Chunga burmeisteri</i>
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RAILS, CRAKES & COOTS - Rallidae

Grey-necked Wood Rail	<i>Aramides cajaneus</i>
Giant Wood Rail	<i>Aramides ypecaha</i>
Common Gallinule	<i>Gallinula galeata</i>
White-winged Coot	<i>Fulica leucoptera</i>
Andean Coot	<i>Fulica ardesioco</i>
Red-gartered Coot	<i>Fulica armillota</i>
Giant Coot	<i>Fulica gigantea</i>
Azure Gallinule	<i>Porphyrio flavirostris</i>

LIMPkin - Aramidae

Limpkin	<i>Aramus guarauna</i>
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STILTS, AVOCETS - Recurvirostridae

White-backed Stilt
Andean Avocet

Himantopus melanurus
Recurvirostra andina

PLOVERS - Charadriidae

Southern Lapwing
Andean Lapwing
Puna Plover

Vanellus chilensis
Vanellus resplendens
Charadrius alticola

JACANAS - Jacanidae

Wattled Jacana

Jacanajacana

SEEDSNIPES - Thinocoridae

Grey-breasted Seedsnipe

Thinocorus orbignyianus

SANDPIPERS, SNIPES - Scolopacidae

South American Snipe
Greater Yellowlegs
Hudsonian Godwit
Baird's Sandpiper
Wilson's Phalarope

Gallinago paraguaiiae
Tringa melanoleuca
Limosa haemastica
Calidris bairdii
Phalaropus tricolor

GULLS, TERNS & SKIMMERS - Laridae

Andean Gull
Large-billed Tern

Chroicocephalus serranus
Phaetusa simplex

PIGEONS, DOVES - Columbidae

Rock Dove (I)
Picazuro Pigeon
Spot-winged Pigeon
Pale-vented Pigeon
Eared Dove
Ruddy Ground Dove
Picui Ground Dove
Moreno's Ground Dove (E)
Black-winged Ground Dove
White-tipped Dove
Yungas Dove

Columba livia
Patagioenas picazuro
Patagioenas maculosa
Patagioenas cayennensis
Zenaida auriculata
Columbina talpacoti
Columbina picui
Metriopelia morenoi
Metriopelia melanoptera
Leptotila verreauxi
Leptotila megalura



CUCKOOS - Cuculidae

Guira Cuckoo	<i>Guira guira</i>
Greater Ani	<i>Crotophaga major</i>
Smooth-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga ani</i>
Striped Cuckoo	<i>Tapera naevia</i>
Yellow-billed Cuckoo	<i>Coccyzus americanus</i>

OWLS - Strigidae

Yungas Screech Owl	<i>Megascops hoyi</i>
Tropical Screech Owl	<i>Megascops choliba</i>
Burrowing Owl	<i>Athene cunicularia</i>
Ferruginous Pygmy Owl	<i>Glaucidium brasilianum</i>

POTOOS - Nyctibiidae

Common Potoo	<i>Nyctibius griseus</i>
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NIGHTJARS - Caprimulgidae

Pauraque	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>
Little Nightjar	<i>Setopagis parvula</i>
Scissor-tailed Nightjar	<i>Hydropsalis torquata</i>

SWIFTS - Apodidae

White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>
Great Dusky Swift	<i>Cypseloides senex</i>
Sick's Swift	<i>Chaetura meridionalis</i>
Andean Swift	<i>Aeronoutes andecolus</i>

HUMMINGBIRDS - Trochilidae

Scale-throated Hermit	<i>Phoebastria eurynome</i>
Swallow-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Eupetomena macroura</i>
Black Jacobin	<i>Florisuga fusco</i>
Black-throated Mango	<i>Anthracothorax nigricollis</i>
Glittering-bellied Emerald	<i>Chlorostilbon lucidus</i>
Fork-tailed Woodnymph	<i>Thalurania furcata</i>
Violet-capped Woodnymph	<i>Thalurania glaucopis</i>
Gilded Sapphire	<i>Hylocharis chrysura</i>
White-bellied Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia chionogaster</i>
Versicolored Emerald	<i>Amazilia versicolor</i>



Giant Hummingbird	<i>Patagona gigas</i>
Red-tailed Comet	<i>Sappho sparganurus</i>
Blue-tufted Starthroat	<i>Heliomaster furcifer</i>
Blue-capped Puffleg	<i>Eriocnemis glaucopoides</i>
Slender-tailed Woodstar	<i>Microstilbon burmeisteri</i>

TROGONS - Trogonidae

Blue-crowned Trogon	<i>Trogon curucui</i>
Black-throated Trogon	<i>Trogon rufus</i>

KINGFISHERS - Alcedinidae

Green Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>
Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>
Ringed Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle torquata</i>

MOTMOTS - Momotidae

Rufous-capped Motmot	<i>Baryphthengus ruficapillus</i>
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PUFFBIRDS - Bucconidae

Chaco Puffbird	<i>Nystalus striatipectus</i>
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TOUCANS - Ramphastidae

Chestnut-eared Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus castanotis</i>
Spot-billed Toucanet	<i>Selenidera maculirostris</i>
Toco Toucan	<i>Ramphastos toco</i>

WOODPECKERS - Picidae

White-barred Piculet	<i>Picumnus cirratus</i>
Ochre-collared Piculet	<i>Picumnus temminckii</i>
Ocellated Piculet	<i>Picumnus dorbignyanus</i>
White Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes candidus</i>
White-fronted Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes cactorum</i>
Dot-fronted Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis frontalis</i>
Checkered Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis mixtus</i>
Little Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis passerinus</i>
Golden-olive Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes rubiginosus</i>
Green-barred Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes melanochloros</i>
Andean Flicker	<i>Colaptes rupicola</i>
Campo Flicker	<i>Colaptes campestris</i>



Cream-backed Woodpecker
Lineated Woodpecker

Campephilus leucopogon
Dryocopus lineatus

CARACARAS, FALCONS - Falconidae

Mountain Caracara

Phalcoboenus megalopterus

Southern Crested Caracara

Caracara plancus

Yellow-headed Caracara

Milvago chimachima

Chimango Caracara

Milvago chimango

American Kestrel

Falco sparverius

Aplomado Falcon

Falco femoralis

Peregrine Falcon

Falco peregrinus

PARROTS - Psittacidae

Golden-collared Macaw

Primolius auricollis

Blue-crowned Parakeet

Thectocercus acuticaudatus

Mitred Parakeet

Psittacara mitratus

White-eyed Parakeet

Psittacara leucophthalmus

Burrowing Parrot

Cyanoliseus patagonus

Maroon-bellied Parakeet

Pyrhura frontalis

Green-cheeked Parakeet

Pyrhura molinae

Monk Parakeet

Myiopsitta monachus

Grey-hooded Parakeet

Psilopsiagon aymara

Mountain Parakeet

Psilopsiagon aurifrons

Blue-winged Parrotlet

Forpus xanthopterygius

Scaly-headed Parrot

Pionus maximiliani

Tucuman Amazon (VU)

Amazilia tucumana

Turquoise-fronted Amazon

Amazilia aestiva

Vinaceous-breasted Amazon (EN)

Amazilia vinacea

OVENBIRDS-Furnariidae

Puna Miner

Geositta punensis

Slender-billed Miner

Geositta tenuirostris

Rufous-banded Miner

Geositta rufipennis

Rock Earthcreeper

Ochetorhynchus andaecola

Straight-billed Earthcreeper

Ochetorhynchus ruficaudus

Buff-breasted Earthcreeper

Upucerthia validirostris

Scale-throated Earthcreeper

Upucerthia dumetaria

Chaco Earthcreeper

Tarphonotus certhioides

Plain-breasted Earthcreeper

Upucerthia jelskii

Buff-winged Cinclodes

Cinclodes fuscus

White-winged Cinclodes

Cinclodes atacamensis

Rufous Hornero

Furnarius rufus



Crested Hornero	<i>Furnarius cristatus</i>
Brown-capped Tit-Spinetail	<i>Leptasthenura fuliginiceps</i>
Tufted Tit-Spinetail	<i>Leptasthenura platensis</i>
Plain-mantled Tit-Spinetail	<i>Leptasthenura aegithaloides</i>
Araucaria Tit-Spinetail (NT)	<i>Leptasthenura setaria</i>
Maquis Canastero (NT)	<i>Asthenes heterura</i>
Rusty-vented Canastero	<i>Asthenes dorbignyi</i>
Puna Canastero	<i>Asthenes sclateri</i>
Scribble-tailed Canastero	<i>Asthenes maculicauda</i>
Steinbach's Canastero	<i>Pseudoasthenes steinbachi</i>
Sooty-fronted Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis frontalis</i>
Azara's Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis azarae</i>
Spix's Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis spixi</i>
Stripe-crowned Spinetail	<i>Cronioleuca pyrrhophia</i>
Yellow-chinned Spinetail	<i>Certhiaxis cinnamomeus</i>
Streak-fronted Thornbird	<i>Phacellodomus striaticeps</i>
Rufous-fronted Thornbird	<i>Phacellodomus rufifrons</i>
Greater Thornbird	<i>Phacellodomus ruber</i>
Canebrake Groundcreeper (NT)	<i>Clibanornis dendrocolaptoides</i>
Lark-like Brushrunner	<i>Coryphistera alaudina</i>
Brown Cacholote	<i>Pseudoseisura lophotes</i>
White-throated Cacholote (E)	<i>Pseudoseisura gutturalis</i>
Buff-browed Foliage-gleaner	<i>Syndactyla rufosuperciliata</i>
Black-capped Foliage-gleaner	<i>Philydor atricapillus</i>
Ochre-breasted Foliage-gleaner	<i>Philydor lichtensteini</i>
Streaked Xenops	<i>Xenops rutilans</i>
Olivaceous Woodcreeper	<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>
White-throated Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphocolaptes albicollis</i>
Narrow-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes angustirostris</i>

ANTBIRDS - Thamnophilidae

Spot-backed Antshrike	<i>Hypoedaleus guttatus</i>
Great Antshrike	<i>Taraba major</i>
Variable Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus caerulescens</i>
Plain Antvireo	<i>Dysithamnus mentalis</i>
Stripe-backed Antbird	<i>Myrmorchilus strigilatus</i>
Rufous-capped Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus ruficapillus</i>
Rufous-winged Antwren	<i>Herpsilochmus rufimarginatus</i>

ANTPITTAS - Grallariidae

White-throated Antpitta	<i>Grallaria albigula</i>
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GNATEATERS - Conopophagidae

Rufous Gnateater

*Conopophaga lineata***TAPACULOS - Rhinocryptidae**

Crested Gallito

*Rhinocrypta lanceolata***Sandy Gallito (E)***Teledromas fuscus***White-browed Tapaculo (E)***Scytalopus superciliaris*

Zimmer's Tapaculo (NE)

*Scytalopus zimmeri***TYRANT FLYCATCHERS - Tyrannidae**

Sclater's Tyrannulet

Phyllomyias sclateri

Large Elaenia

Elaenia spectabilis

Small-billed Elaenia

Elaenia parvirostris

Greenish Elaenia

Myiopagis viridicata

Slaty Elaenia

Elaenia strepera

Large Elaenia

Elaenia spectabilis

White-crested Elaenia

Elaenia albiceps

Southern Beardless Tyrannulet

Camptostoma obsoletum

White-throated Tyrannulet

Mecocerculus leucophrys

Yellow-billed Tit-Tyrant

Anairetes flavirostris

White-crested Tyrannulet

Serpophaga subcristata

Sooty Tyrannulet

Serpophaga nigricans

Straneck's Tyrannulet

Serpophaga griseicapilla

Southern Antpipit

Corythopis delalandi

Crested Doradito

Pseudocolopteryx sclateri

Greater Wagtail-Tyrant

Stigmatura budytoides

Southern Bristle Tyrant

Pogonotriccus eximius

Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet

Phylloscartes ventralis

Sepia-capped Flycatcher

Leptopogon amaurocephalus

Pearly-vented Tody-Tyrant

Hemitriccus margaritaceiventer

Eared Pygmy Tyrant

Myiornis auricularis

Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher

Poecilatriccus plumbeiceps

Cliff Flycatcher

Hirundinea ferruginea

Black Phoebe

Sayornis nigricans

Tropical Pewee

Contopus cinereus

Vermilion Flycatcher

Pyrocephalus rubinus

Andean Nigrito

Lessonia oreas

Cinereous Tyrant

Knipolegus striaticeps

White-winged Black Tyrant

Knipolegus aterrimus

Spectacled Tyrant

Hymenops perspicillatus

Yellow-browed Tyrant

Satrapa icterophrys

Spot-billed Ground Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola maculirostris</i>
Puna Ground Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola juninensis</i>
Cinereous Ground Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola cinereus</i>
Rufous-naped Ground Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola rufivertex</i>
Black-billed Shrike-Tyrant	<i>Agriornis montanus</i>
Grey-bellied Shrike-Tyrant	<i>Agriornis micropterus</i>
White Monjita	<i>Xolmis irupero</i>
Grey Monjita	<i>Xolmis cinereus</i>
Black-and-white Monjita	<i>Xolmis dominicana</i>
Streamer-tailed Tyrant	<i>Gubernetes yetapa</i>
White-headed Marsh Tyrant	<i>Arundinicola leucocephala</i>
White-browed Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca leucophrys</i>
D'Orbigny's Chat-Tyrant	<i>Pchthoeca oenanthoides</i>
Cattle Tyrant	<i>Machetornis rixosa</i>
Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucophoius</i>
Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>
Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>
Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>
Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarynchus pitangua</i>
Crowned Slaty Flycatcher	<i>Griseotyrannus aurantioatrocristatus</i>
Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>
Fork-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus savana</i>
Sibilant Sirystes	<i>Sirystes sibilator</i>
Dusky-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>
Swainson's Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus swainsoni</i>
Brown-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tyrannulus</i>

COTINGAS - Cotingidae

White-tipped Plantcutter	<i>Phytotoma rutila</i>
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MANAKINS - Pipridae

Blue Manakin	<i>Chiroxiphia caudata</i>
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TITYRAS, BECARDS - Tityridae

Black-crowned Tityra	<i>Tityra inquisitor</i>
Green-backed Becard	<i>Pachyramphus viridis</i>

VIREOS, GREENLETS - Vireonidae

Rufous-browed Peppershrike	<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>
Red-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>



CROWS, JAYS - Corvidae

Plush-crested Jay *Cyanocorax chrysops*

SWALLOWS, MARTINS - Hirundinidae

White-winged Swallow	<i>Tachycineta albiventer</i>
White-rumped Swallow	<i>Tachycineta leucorrhoa</i>
Grey-breasted Martin	<i>Progne chalybea</i>
Southern Martin	<i>Progne elegans</i>
Brown-chested Martin	<i>Progne tapera</i>
Blue-and-white Swallow	<i>Notiochelidon cyanoleuca</i>
Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>
Andean Swallow	<i>Haplochelidon andecola</i>
Tawny-headed Swallow	<i>Alopochelidon fucata</i>
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>
American Cliff Swallow	<i>Petrochelidon pyrrhonota</i>

BLACK-CAPPED DONACOBIOUS - Donacobidae

Black-capped Donacobius *Donacobius atricapilla*

WRENS - Troglodytidae

Sedge Wren	<i>Cistothorus platensis</i>
House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>
Mountain Wren	<i>Troglodytes solstitialis</i>

GNATCATCHERS - Polioptilidae

Masked Gnatcatcher *Polioptila dumicola*

MOCKINGBIRDS, THRASHERS - Mimidae

Chalk-browed Mockingbird	<i>Mimus saturninus</i>
Patagonian Mockingbird	<i>Mimus patagonicus</i>
White-banded Mockingbird	<i>Mimus triurus</i>
Brown-backed Mockingbird	<i>Mimus dorsalis</i>

THRUSHES - Turdidae

Chiguanco Thrush	<i>Turdus chiguanco</i>
Andean Slaty Thrush	<i>Turdus nigriceps</i>
Glossy-black Thrush	<i>Turdus serranus</i>
Eastern Slaty Thrush	<i>Turdus subalaris</i>



Rufous-bellied Thrush	<i>Turdus rufiventris</i>
Pale-breasted Thrush	<i>Turdus leucomelas</i>
Creamy-bellied Thrush	<i>Turdus amaurochalinus</i>

DIPPERS - Cinclidae

Rufous-throated Dipper	<i>Cinclus schulzii</i>
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OLD WORLD SPARROWS, SNOWFINCHES - Passeridae

House Sparrow (I)	<i>Passer domesticus</i>
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WAGTAILS, PIPITS - Motacillidae

Yellowish Pipit	<i>Anthus lutescens</i>
Ochre-breasted Pipit (VU)	<i>Anthus nattereri</i>
Paramo Pipit	<i>Anthus bogotensis</i>

FINCHES, EUPHONIAS - Fringillidae

Hooded Siskin	<i>Spinus magellanicus</i>
Black Siskin	<i>Spinus atratus</i>

NEW WORLD WARBLERS - Parulidae

Southern Yellowthroat	<i>Geothlypis velata</i>
Tropical Parula	<i>Setophaga pitiayumi</i>
White-rimmed Warbler	<i>Myiothlypis leucoblephara</i>
Pale-legged Warbler	<i>Myiothlypis signata</i>
Riverbank Warbler	<i>Myiothlypis rivularis</i>
Two-banded Warbler	<i>Myiothlypis bivittata</i>
Golden-crowned Warbler	<i>Bosileuterus culicivorus</i>
Brown-capped Whitestart	<i>Myioborus brunniceps</i>

OROPENDOLAS, ORIOLES & BLACKBIRDS - Icteridae

White-browed Blackbird	<i>Sturnella supercilialis</i>
Crested Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius decumanus</i>
Golden-winged Cacique	<i>Cacicus chrysopterus</i>
Red-rumped Cacique	<i>Cacicus haemorrhous</i>
Epaulet Oriole	<i>Icterus cayanensis</i>
Screaming Cowbird	<i>Molothrus rufoaxillaris</i>
Giant Cowbird	<i>Molothrus oryzivorus</i>
Shiny Cowbird	<i>Molothrus bonariensis</i>
Scarlet-headed Blackbird	<i>Amblyramphus holosericeus</i>



Chopi Blackbird	<i>Gnorimopsar chopi</i>
Greyish Baywing	<i>Agelaioides badius</i>
Unicolored Blackbird	<i>Agelasticus cyanopus</i>
Brown-and-yellow Marshbird	<i>Pseudoleistes virescens</i>
Yellow-rumped Marshbird	<i>Pseudoleistes guirahuro</i>
Yellow-winged Blackbird	<i>Agelaius thilius</i>
Chestnut-capped Blackbird	<i>Chrysomus ruficapillus</i>

BANANAQUIT - Coerebidae

Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>
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BUNTINGS, NEW WORLD SPARROWS & ALLIES - Emberizidae

Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>
Grassland Sparrow	<i>Ammodramus humeralis</i>
Stripe-capped Sparrow	<i>Rhynchospiza strigiceps</i>
Fulvous-headed Brush Finch (NE)	<i>Atlapetes fulviceps</i>
White-browed Brush Finch	<i>Arremon torquatus</i>
Yellow-striped Brush Finch (E)	<i>Atlapetes citrinellus</i>
Common Bush Tanager	<i>Chlorospingus flavopectus</i>

TANAGERS AND ALLIES - Thraupidae

Red-crested Cardinal	<i>Paroaria coronata</i>
Yellow-billed Cardinal	<i>Paroaria capitata</i>
Magpie Tanager	<i>Cissopis leverianus</i>
Chestnut-headed Tanager	<i>Pyrrhocomma ruficeps</i>
Black-goggled Tanager	<i>Trichothraupis melanops</i>
Rust-and-yellow Tanager	<i>Thlypopsis ruficeps</i>
Sayaca Tanager	<i>Thraupis sayaca</i>
Blue-and-yellow Tanager	<i>Thraupis bonariensis</i>
Fawn-breasted Tanager	<i>Pipraeidea melanonota</i>
Green-headed Tanager	<i>Tangara seledon</i>
Chestnut-backed Tanager	<i>Tangara preciosa</i>
Swallow Tanager	<i>Tersina viridis</i>
Blue Dacnis	<i>Dacnis cayana</i>
Guira Tanager	<i>Hemithraupis guira</i>
Chestnut-vented Conebill	<i>Conirostrum speciosum</i>
Rusty Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa sittoides</i>
Many-colored Chaco Finch	<i>Saltatricula multicolor</i>
Red Pileated Finch	<i>Coryphospingus cucullatus</i>
Black-hooded Sierra Finch	<i>Phrygilus atriceps</i>
Grey-hooded Sierra Finch	<i>Phrygilus gayi</i>
Mourning Sierra Finch	<i>Phrygilus fruticeti</i>



Plumbeous Sierra Finch	<i>Phrygilus unicolor</i>
Red-backed Sierra Finch	<i>Phrygilus dorsalis</i>
Ash-breasted Sierra Finch	<i>Phrygilus plebejus</i>
Band-tailed Sierra Finch	<i>Phrygilus alaudinus</i>
Long-tailed Reed Finch	<i>Donacospiza albifrons</i>
Common Diuca Finch	<i>Diuca diuca</i>
Rufous-sided Warbling Finch	<i>Poospiza hypocondria</i>
Rusty-browed Warbling Finch	<i>Poospiza erythrophrys</i>
Ringed Warbling Finch	<i>Poospiza torquata</i>
Black-capped Warbling Finch	<i>Poospiza melanoleuca</i>
Tucuman Mountain Finch (E) (VU)	<i>Compsospiza baeri</i>
Cinnamon Warbling Finch (E)	<i>Poospiza ornata</i>
Bright-rumped Yellow Finch	<i>Sicalis uropigyalis</i>
Citron-headed Yellow Finch	<i>Sicalis luteocephala</i>
Greenish Yellow Finch	<i>Sicalis olivascens</i>
Saffron Finch	<i>Sicalis flaveola</i>
Lesser Grass Finch	<i>Emberizoides ypiranganus</i>
Pampa Finch	<i>Embernagra platensis</i>
Rusty-collared Seedeater	<i>Sporophila collaris</i>
Double-collared Seedeater	<i>Sporophila caerulescens</i>
Dark-throated Seedeater	<i>Sporophila ruficollis</i>
Band-tailed Seedeater	<i>Catamenia analis</i>
Plain-colored Seedeater	<i>Catamenia inornata</i>

GROSBEAKS, SALTATORS & ALLIES - Cardinalidae

Red Tanager	<i>Piranga flava</i>
Red-crowned Ant Tanager	<i>Habia rubica</i>
Black-backed Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus aureoventris</i>
Blackish-blue Seedeater (NT)	<i>Amaurospiza moesta</i>
Green-winged Saltator	<i>Saltator similis</i>
Greyish Saltator	<i>Saltator coerulescens</i>
Golden-billed Saltator	<i>Saltator aurantirostris</i>
Ultramarine Grosbeak	<i>Cyanocompsa brissonii</i>

Mammals

ARMADILLOS – Dasypodidae

Southern Long-nosed Armadillo	<i>Dasypus hybridus</i>
Hairy Armadillo	<i>Chaetophractus villosus</i>
Nine-banded Armadillo	<i>Dasypus novemcinctus</i>

WOLVES, COYOTE, FOXES, JACKALS - Canidae

South American Grey Fox	<i>Pseudalopex griseus</i>
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Crab-eating Fox

Cerdocyon thous

WEASELS, SKUNKS, OTTERS - Mustelidae

Lesser Grison

Galictis cuja

RACCOONS AND RELATIVES - Procyonidae

South American Coati

Nasua nasua

CAMELS, LLAMAS, VICUNA - Camelidae

Guanaco

Lama guanicoe

Vicuna

Vicugna vicugna

DEER - Cervidae

Grey Brocket Deer

Mazama gouazoubira

Red Brocket Deer

Mazama americana

Marsh Deer

Blastocerus dichotomus

RABBITS, HARES - Leporidae

European Hare (I)

Lepus europaeus

Tapetí

Sylvilagus brasiliensis

NEW WORLD MONKEYS - Cebidae

Azara's Capuchin

Cebus cay

CAVIES, INCLUDING GUINEA PIGS - Caviidae

Brazilian Guinea Pig

Cavia aperea

Capybara

Hydrochoerus hydrochaeris

Southern Mountain Cavy

Microcavia australis

AGOUTIS - Dasyproctidae

Azara's Agouti

Dasyprocta azarae

Reptiles

South American Toad

Rhinella arenarum



Argentine Boa Constrictor
False Water Cobra
Golden Tegu
Yacare Caiman

Boa constrictor occidentalis
Hydrodynastes gigas
Tupinambis teguixin
Caiman yacare

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